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CND-N-027

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI and WHMIS Standards

MSDS Revision Date 11/01/2002

1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION 1.1 Product Name: **SOLARBUTTER** 1.2 Chemical Name: NATURAL OILS MIXTURE Synonyms: 1.4 Trade Names: 1.5 Product Use: **COSMETIC USE ONLY** 1.6 Manufacturer's Name: CREATIVE NAIL DESIGN, INC. 1.7 Manufacturer's Address: 1125 JOSHUA WAY, VISTA, CA 92083 Emergency Phone: ROCKY MOUNTAIN POISON CONTROL CENTER: 1-303-623-5716 1-877-CND-NAIL (1-877-263-6245)

2. COMPOSITION & INGREDIENT INFORMATION

			EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR					
	CAS NO.	%	ACGIH		OSHA			OTHER
CHEMICAL NAME(S)			TLV ppm	STEL ppm	PEL ppm	STEL ppm	IDLH ppm	
WATER	557-05-1	> 50.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
CYCLOMETHICONE	541-02-6	10.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
SWEET ALMOND OIL	8007-69-0	< 10.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
SHEA BUTTER	NA	< 10.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
CYCLOPENTASILOXANE	NA	< 10.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
TRIBEHENIN PEG-20 ESTERS	NA	< 10.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
STEARYL ALCOHOL	112-92-5	< 5.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
GLYCERIN	56-81-5	3.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
JOJOBA SEED OIL	61789-91-1	< 2.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
FRAGRANCE	NA	< 2.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
XANTHAN GUM	1138-66-2	< 1.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
METHYLPARABEN	99-76-3	< 1.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
PROPYLPARABEN	94-13-3	< 1.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
RICE BRAN OIL	68553-81-1	< 1.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
TOCOPHERYL ACETATE (VITAMIN E)	58-95-7	< 1.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
				ĺ				

NA = Not Available; ND = Not Determined; NE = Not Established; C = Ceiling Limit; See Section 16 for Additional Definitions of Terms Used NOTE: all WHMIS required information is included. It is located in appropriate sections based on the ANSI Z400.1-1998 format.



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3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION								
3.1	Hazard Identificati	on:						
3.2	Routes of Entry:	outes of Entry: NO Absorption: NO Ingestion: Y				YES		
3.3								
3.4	Symptoms of Over	•						
3.5	Acute Health Effec	overexposure may include	reaness, itcning, itti	iation and	watering (it in eye	es).		
5.5			if in eves) of skin at	the site of	contact for some	sensitive indiv	iduals.	
3.6	Redness, itching, irritation (and watering if in eyes) of skin at the site of contact for some sensitive individuals. Chronic Health Effects:							
	No chronic health effects are known, although symptoms and discomfort may occur for several days following ingestion overexposure.							
3.7	7 Target Organs:							
	Eyes and skin.							
4. FIRST AID MEASURES								
4.1	First Aid:			112 7112				
	INGESTION: If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water or milk IMMEDIATELY. If the patient is vomiting, continue to offer plenty of water or milk. Never give water or milk to an unconscious person. Contact Rocky Mountain Poison Control at 1-303-623-5716 or the nearest Poison Control Center or local emergency number. Provide an estimate of the time and amount of the substance that was swallowed.							
	SKIN & EYES: If product is in the eyes, flush with copious amounts of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Open and close eyelid(s) to ensure thorough irrigation. If problem persists seek medical attention. If redness, dryness or other signs of irritation to the skin develop, wash affected skin areas with plenty of warm water and soap. Do not wear contaminated clothing until after it has been properly cleaned. If irritation persists, consult a physician.							
	INHALATION:	Remove victim to fresh ai	r at once. If breathin	g stops, pe	erform artificial res	piration. Seel	k immediate medical c	ttention.
4.2		s Aggravated by Exposure:				HEALTH 0		
	None known.					FLAMMA	BILITY	0
						REACTIVITY 0		0
						PROTECT	IVE EQUIPMENT	



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5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES Flashpoint & Method: Non-flammable. 5.2 Autoignition Temperature: NA Flammability Limits: 5.3 NA Lower Explosive Limit (LEL): Upper Explosive Limit (UEL): NA RED = FLAMMABILITY This product is non-flammable. BLUE = HEALTH YELLOW = REACTIVITY 5.5 Extinguishing Methods: WHITE = SPECIAL MEASURES Water, Foam, CO₂ or Dry Chemical is recommended. 0 0 = NO HAZARD 5.6 Firefighting Procedures 1 = MINIMAL HAZARD Wear protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus if 2= SLIGHT HA7ARD needed. 3 = MODERATE HAZARD 4 = SEVERE HAZARD

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Spills

Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill cleanup must wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment.

For small spills (e.g., <1 gallon) wear appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g., goggles, gloves). Maximize ventilation (open doors and windows) and secure all sources of ignition. Remove spilled material with absorbent material and place into appropriate closed container(s) for disposal. Dispose of properly in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Wash all affected areas and outside of container with plenty of warm water and soap. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

For spills ≥ 1 gallon, deny entry to all unprotected individuals. Dike and contain spill with inert material (e.g., sand or earth). Use ONLY non-sparking tools for recovery and cleanup. Transfer liquid to containers for recovery or disposal and solid diking material to separate containers for proper disposal. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Keep spills and cleaning runoffs out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORMATION

7.1 Work & Hygiene Practices:

Avoid eye contact.

7.2 Storage & Handling:

Use and store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location (e.g., local exhaust ventilation, fans). Keep away from excessive heat, open flames, sparks, and other possible sources of ignition. Keep away from incompatible materials listed in Section 10. Do not store in damaged or unmarked containers or storage devices. Keep containers securely closed when not in use. Open slowly on a level, stable surface.

7.3 Special Precautions:

Spilled material may present a slipping hazard if left unattended. Clean all spills promptly.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Ventilation & Engineering Controls:

General mechanical (e.g., fans) or natural ventilation is sufficient when this product is in use.

8.2 Respiratory Protection:

None required if used in a well-ventilated area.

8.3 Eye Protection

Avoid eye contact. None required under normal conditions of use. However, may cause irritation in some sensitive individuals. When handling large quantities (e.g., ≥ 1 gallon), safety glasses with side shields should be used.

8.4 Hand Protection:

None required under normal conditions of use. However, may cause skin irritation in some sensitive individuals.

When handling large quantities (e.g., \geq 1 gallon), wear rubber or plastic impervious gloves.

8.5 Body Protection:

No apron required when handling small quantities.

When handling large quantities (e.g., \geq 1 gallon), eye wash stations and deluge showers should be available. Upon completion of work activities involving large quantities of this product, wash any exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.



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		9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
9.1	Density:	ND ND
9.2	Boiling Point:	ND ND
9.3	Melting Point:	ND ND
9.4	Evaporation Rate:	
9.5	Vapor Pressure:	ND ND
9.6		ND ND
	Molecular Weight:	ND
9.7	Appearance & Color:	White, opaque, buttery, cream with a sweet, almond odor
9.8	Odor Threshold:	ND
9.9	Solubility:	Slightly soluble
9.10	рН	ND
9.11	Viscosity:	ND
9.12	Other Information:	NA
		10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY
10.1	Stability:	Stable under ambient conditions.
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Oxides of carbon and nitrogen.
10.3	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid:	Exposure or contact with extreme temperatures or incompatible materials.
10.5	Incompatible Substances:	Strong oxidizers.
		for the components of this product, which are found in the scientific literature. These data have not been presented in this document.
11.2	Acute Toxicity:	See section 3.5
11.3	Chronic Toxicity:	See section 3.6
11.4	Suspected Carcinogen:	NE NE
11.5	Reproductive Toxicity:	None
	Mutagenicity:	This product is not reported to produce mutagenic effects in humans.
	Embryotoxicity:	This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.
	Teratogenicity:	This product is not reported to produce teratogenic effects in humans.
	Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to produce reproductive effects in humans.
11.6	Irritancy of Product:	See Section 3.3
11.7	Biological Exposure Indices:	NE .
11.8	Physician Recommendations:	Treat symptomatically.
		12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
12.1	Environmental Stability:	This product will slowly volatile from soil. Components of this product will slowly decompose into organic compounds.
	Environmental Stability: Effects on Plants & Animals:	
12.1 12.2 12.3	·	organic compounds.
12.2	Effects on Plants & Animals:	organic compounds. There is no specific data available for this product.
12.2	Effects on Plants & Animals: Effects on Aquatic Life: Waste Disposal:	organic compounds. There is no specific data available for this product. There is no specific data available for this product. 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
12.2	Effects on Plants & Animals: Effects on Aquatic Life: Waste Disposal:	organic compounds. There is no specific data available for this product. There is no specific data available for this product.



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,	IAIL DESIGN					
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		1.4 TDANISDODTATION IN	EODAA ATION			
		14. TRANSPORTATION IN	FORMATION			
	pasic description (proper shipping nam tional descriptive information may be			n for each mode of	transportation.	
14.1	49 CFR (GND):	,				
	NOT REGULATED					
14.2	IATA (AIR):					
	NOT REGULATED					
14.3	IMDG (OCN): NOT REGULATED					
14.4	TDGR (Canadian GND):					
	NOT REGULATED					
1		15. REGULATORY INFO	RMATION			
15.1	SARA Reporting Requirements:					
	Not applicable.					
15.2	SARA Threshold Planning Quantity: Not applicable.					
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status:					
	All chemical substances of this produ	ct are listed on the TSCA inventory	r are otherwise exempted	from inventory state	JS.	
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ):	·				
	There are no Reportable Quantities fo	r any of the components of this pro	luct.			
15.5	Other Federal Requirements:					
15.6	Other Canadian Regulations:					
	This product has been classified acc MSDS contains all of the information r		CPR and the			
15.7	State Regulatory Information:		1			
	NA					
		16. OTHER INFORM	ATION			
16.1	Other Information:					
	Use only as directed. If redness or oth	er signs of irritation occur, discontin	ue use immediately.			
16.2	Terms & Definitions:					
	See page 6 of this MSDS.					
16.3	Disclaimer:					
	This Material Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Creative Nail Design's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.					
16.4	Prepared for:					
	Creative Nail Design, Inc. 1125 Joshua Way					
	Vista, CA 92083					
	1-877-CND-NAIL (877-263-6245) phor	e CREATIVE				
	760-599-4005 fax	NAIL DESIGN®				
	http://www.creativenaildesign.com/					
16.5	Prepared by:					
	ShipMate, Inc. 18436 Hawthorne Blvd., Suite 201	ShipMoto				
	Torrance, CA 90504	Silipiviale				
	310-370-3600 phone	Dangerous Goods Training & Consulting				
	310-370-5700 fax					
	http://www.shipmate.com/					



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DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

CAS #: This is the Chemical Abstract Service Number that uniquely identifies each constituent.

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:

ACGIH - The American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists, a professional association that establishes exposure limits.

TLV – Threshold Limit Value – an airborne concentration of a substance that represents conditions under which it is generally believed that all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effect. The duration must be considered, including the 8-hour Time Weighted Average (**TWA**), the 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit, and the instantaneous Ceiling Level (**C**). Skin absorption effect must also be considered.

OSHA – U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit – This exposure value means exactly the same as TLV, except that it is enforceable by OSHA. The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits are based in the 1989 PELs and the June 1993 Air Contaminants Rule (Federal Register: 58: 35338-35351 and 58: 40191). Both the current PELs and the vacated PELs are indicated. The phrase "Vacated 1989 PEL," is placed next to the PEL which was vacated by Court Order.

IDLH – Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health – This level represents a concentration from which one can escape within 30-minutes without suffering escape-preventing or permanent injury. The **DFG** – **MAK** is the Republic of Germany's Maximum Exposure Level, similar to the U.S. PEL. NIOSH is the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, which is the research arm of the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (**OSHA**). NIOSH issues exposure guidelines called Recommended Exposure Levels (**RELs**) When no exposure guidelines are established, an entry of **NE** is made for reference.

FIRST AID MEASURES:

CPR: Cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Method in which a person whose heart has stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood and provide oxygen to the body.

HAZARD RATINGS:

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: This rating system was developed by the National Paint and Coating Association and has been adopted by industry to identify the degree of chemical hazards. Health Hazard: 0 (minimal acute or chronic exposure hazard); 1 (slight acute or chronic exposure hazard); 2 (moderate acute or significant chronic exposure hazard); 3 (severe acute exposure hazard; onetime overexposure can result in permanent injury and may be fatal); 4 (extreme acute exposure hazard; onetime overexposure can be fatal). Flammability hazard: 0 (minimal hazard); 1 (materials that require substantial pre-heating before burning; 2 (combustible liquids or solids; liquids with a flashpoint of 38-93C [100-200F]); 3 (Class 1B and 1C flammable liquids with flash points below 38C [100F]; 4 (Class 1A flammable liquids with flash points below 23C [73F] and boiling points below 38C [100F]. Reactivity Hazard: 0 (normally stable); 1 (materials that can become unstable at elevated temperatures or which can react slightly with water); 2 (materials that are unstable but do not detonate when initiated or which can react violently with water); 3 (materials that can detonate when initiated or which can react explosively with water); 4 (materials that can detonate at normal temperatures or pressures). PPE Rating A: Eye protection is required for routine chemical use.

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: <u>Health Hazard</u>: 0 (material that on exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials); 1 (materials that on exposure under fire conditions could cause irritation or minor residual injury); 2 (materials that on intense or continued exposure under fire conditions could cause imporary incapacitation or possible residual injury); 3 (materials that can on short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury); 4 (material that under very short exposure could cause death or major residual injury).

<u>Flammability Hazard and Reactivity Hazard</u>: Refer to definitions for "Hazardous Materials Identification System."

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:

Much of the information related to fire and explosion is derived from the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA). Flash Point – minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off sufficient vapors to form an ignitable mixture with air. Autoignition Temperature: The minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition. LEL—the lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source. UEL—the highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Human and Animal Toxicology: Possible health hazards as derived from human data, animal studies, or from the results of studies with similar compounds are presented. Definitions of some terms use dint his section are: LD₅₀ – Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals; LC50 – Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animals; ppm - concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts of air or water; mg/m³- concentration expressed in weight of substance per volume of air; mg/kg quantity of material, by weight, administered to a test subject, based on their body weight in kg. Other measures of toxicity include \mathbf{TD}_{lo} , the lowest dose to cause a symptom and **TCLo** the lowest concentration to cause a symptom; TD_{lo} , LD_{lo} , and LD_{o} , or TC, TC_{o} , LC_{lo} , and LC_{o} , the lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects. Cancer Information: The sources are: IARC - the International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP - the National Toxicology Program, RTECS - the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, OSHA and CAL/OSHA. IARC and NTP rate chemicals on a scale of decreasing potential to cause human cancer with rankings from 1 to 4. Sub rankings (2A, 2B, etc.) are also used. Other Information: BEI - ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices, represent the levels of determinants which are most likely to be observed in specimens collected from a health worker who has been exposed to chemical to the same extent as a worker with inhalation exposure to the TLV. Ecological Information: EC is the effect concentration in water. BCF - Bioconcentration Factor, which is used to determine if a substance will concentrate in life forms that consume contaminated plant or animal matter. TL_m - median threshold limit; Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution is represented by log Kow or log Koc and is used to assess a substance's behavior in the environment.

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

U.S. and CANADA: This section explains the impact of various laws and regulation of the material. **EPA** is the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. **WHMIS** is the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System. **DOT** and **TC** are the U.S. Department of Transportation and Transport Canada, respectively. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (**SARA**); the Canadian Domestic/Non-Domestic Substance List (**DSL/NDSL**); the U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act (**TSCA**); Marine Pollutant status according to the DOT; the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (**CERCLA or Superfund**); and various state regulations. This section also includes information on the precautionary warnings that appear on the material's package label.

EUROPEAN and INTERNATIONAL: EC is the European Community, formerly known as the EEC, European Economic Community). **EINECS:** This is the European Inventory of Now-Existing Chemical Substances. **AICS** is the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. **MITI** is the Japanese Minister of International Trade and Industry. **ECL** is the Korean Existing Chemicals List. **IMO** is the International Maritime Organization and **IATA** is the International Air Transport Association. The **ARD** is the European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road and the **RID** are the International Regulations Concerning the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

